

PROPYLENE is a hydrocarbon compound in the form of gas at normal temperature and pressure, therefore, to make it easier to store and handle it is given a certain pressure to convert it into liquid form. Propylene is used as a feedstock in the manufacture of polypropylene, acryclic acid, oxo alcohol and propylene oxide.

Propylene is produced in the RU III Plaju fluidized catalytic cracker (FCC) refinery which is then further processed into Polytam (polyropylene pertamina). propylene is also produced in the residue catalytic cracker (RCC) RU VI Balongan with a production capacity of 230,000 tons per year

Propylene Specification



| No | Analysis | Units | Method | Result |
|----|-----------------|--------|-----------------|----------|
| 1 | Propylene | Mole % | UOP - 539 CD | 99.6 Min |
| 2 | Ethane | wt.ppm | UOP - 542 CD | 200 Max |
| 3 | Cyclo Propane | wt.ppm | UOP - 542 CD | 10 Max |
| 4 | 1,3 Butadiene | wt.ppm | UOP - 542 CD | 10 Max |
| 5 | Oxygen | wt.ppm | ASTM D-2504 | 1 Max |
| 6 | Water | wt.ppm | Panametric | 2.5 Max |
| 7 | Carbon Monoxide | wt.ppm | UOP - 603 Mod | 0.1 Max |
| 8 | Carbon Dioxide | wt.ppm | UOP - 603 Mod | 1 Max |
| 9 | Total Sulphur | wt.ppm | ASTM D-4468 Mod | 10 Max |

